



## Intermediate Wheatgrass

**INTERMEDIATE WHEATGRASS** is an important cool season, sod forming grass that was introduced into the U. S. from the U.S.S.R. It is fairly easily established and covers well the first year after planting. **Intermediate Wheatgrass** is used for pasture and hay in areas which receive more than 15 inches of precipitation. It has been known to grow well at altitudes up to 10,000 feet. **Intermediate Wheatgrass** is adapted to the wheatgrass areas of the U. S. and is gaining favor for plantings in wet areas, mountainous regions, high valleys and meadows.

### FACTS ABOUT INTERMEDIATE WHEATGRASS:

- **Intermediate wheatgrass is easily established from seed.**
- **It grows best in finer textured, sandy loam to clay loam soil types**
- **Intermediate wheatgrass has fair drought, salt, high water table and flooding tolerance.**
- **It is often used to stabilize soil and for wildlife plantings.**
- **The root system is extensive, with deep soil penetration to help fight drought conditions.**



### VARIETIES:

**Amur** is a leafy, vigorous plant that is slow to form sod. It does produce strong seedings with high seed yield from mature plants. Once established, Amur maintains production year after year.

**Greenar** is a vigorous, mildly sod-forming wheatgrass. It is late maturing, with dark green foliage. Greenar Wheatgrass is a highly productive variety, with disease resistant plants. It is often used for conservation plantings on well-drained soils in dryland and irrigated areas.

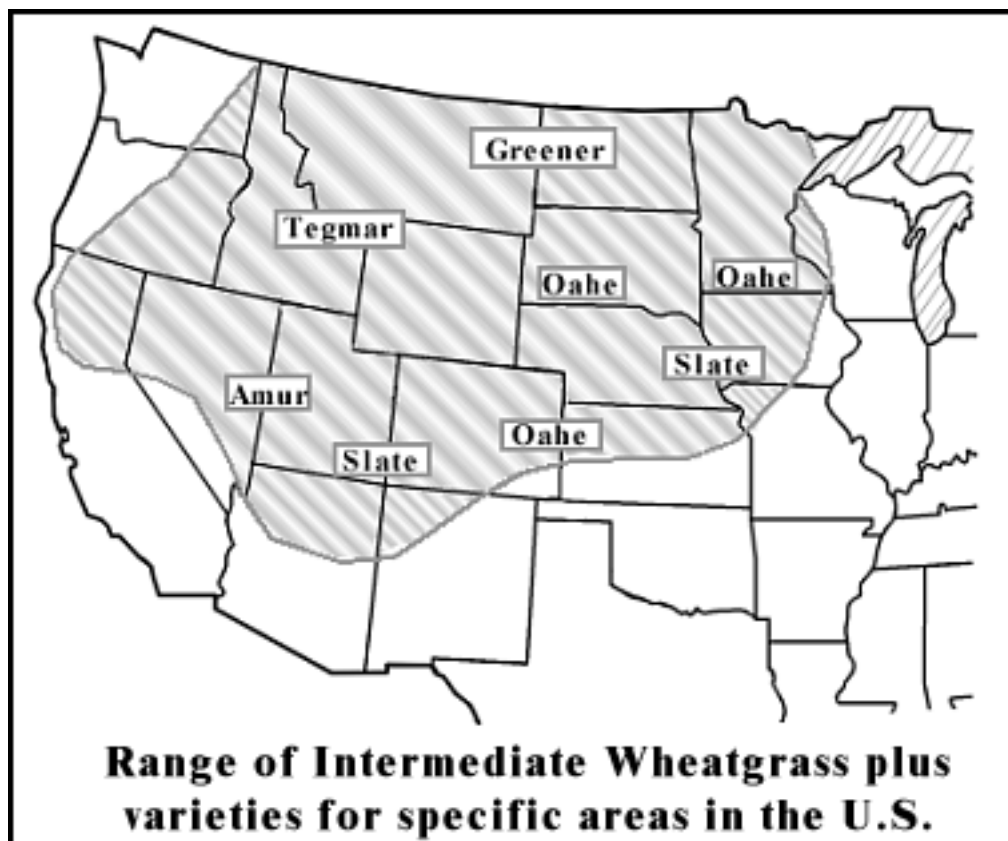
**Slate** is a good cool season variety with rapid establishment for use as a forage crop. It is often used in mixtures with other cool-season grasses for hay or pastures. It is best adapted to fertile, well-drained soils and will not persist on wet or salty soils.

**Tegmar** is dwarf **Intermediate Wheatgrass**. Considered to be long-lived and winter hardy, this variety of **Intermediate Wheatgrass** is late maturing. **Tegmar Intermediate Wheatgrass** is more resistant to Banks grass mites than other varieties, plus it requires little or no maintenance.

**Oahe** is noted for its high seed yield and is a valuable hay and pasture grass. It produces nutritious palatable forage. **Oahe** is easily established and produces lush growths of blue-green, leafy, rust-resistant plants.

#### **ESTABLISHMENT / MANAGEMENT**

- **Seed beds should be clean, firm and moist.**
- **Seed should go directly into the stubble.**
- **Plant in either late fall or early spring.**
- **Test the soil for deficiencies.**
- **Avoid overgrazing if used for pasture.**
- **Use of rotation grazing helps maintain the stand.**



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